

| STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM | | |
|--|---|---|
| Name of the module/subject Applications of information technologies | | Code 1010331571010334978 |
| Field of study Information Engineering | Profile of study (general academic, practical) (brak) | Year /Semester 4 / 7 |
| Elective path/specialty Information Technologies | Subject offered in: Polish | Course (compulsory, elective) obligatory |
| Cycle of study: First-cycle studies | Form of study (full-time, part-time) full-time | |
| No. of hours Lecture: 30 Classes: - Laboratory: - Project/seminars: 15 | | No. of credits 4 |
| Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) (brak) | | (university-wide, from another field) (brak) |
| Education areas and fields of science and art technical sciences | | ECTS distribution (number and %) 100 100% |
| Responsible for subject / lecturer: prof. dr hab. inż. Czesław Jędrzejek email: czeslaw.jedrzejek@put.poznan.pl tel. 61 665 3532 Wydział Elektryczny ul. Piotrowo 3A, 60-965 Poznań | | |
| Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies: | | |
| 1 | Knowledge | K_W04: mStudent has organized knowledge with theoretical foundations of basic program constructions, algorithm implementations, paradigms and programming styles, software verification methods, formal languages, compilers, platforms. K_W08: possesses structured and theoretically founded knowledge of databases and data warehouses; K_W12: K_W12: has ordered and methodological knowledge of software engineering |
| 2 | Skills | K_U02: is able to work independently and in a team, is able to estimate the time needed for the commissioned tasks, able to develop and implement a schedule of work to ensure deadlines, K_U03: is able to develop documentation of engineering tasks and prepare a text containing a discussion of the results of this task realizacji tego zadania |
| 3 | Social competencies | K_K04: is aware of responsibility for his/her own work and a willingness to comply with the principles of teamwork and shared responsibility |
| Assumptions and objectives of the course: To acquaint students with the algorithms and methods of extracting information from text. Practical application of lead extraction systems using correlation words: Indri, Terrier. Practical analysis of the results obtained with the construction of systems based on semantic vocabularies / ontologies: Yago2, Reverb, Nell. Storage, access and processing so. NoSQ databases. | | |
| Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study | | |
| Knowledge: 1. Student has organized knowledge with theoretical foundations of basic program constructions, algorithm implementations, paradigms and programming styles, software verification methods, formal languages, compilers, platforms. - [K_W05] 2. Student is familiarized with state of the art and current trends in computer science. - [K_W19] 3. Student knows common IT engineering technology. - [K_W18] | | |
| Skills: 1. Student is able to use software platforms and environments for simple programs encoding, running and testing in imperative, object-oriented and declarative programming languages - [K_U10] 2. Student is able to prepare requirements, to create object model and to evaluate uncomplicated IT system, including system functions and relations between system elements. - [K_U16] 3. Student is able to choose and to implement proper technologies - [K_U22] | | |
| Social competencies: | | |

1. understands the need and knows the opportunity of continuous training (second-and third-degree, postgraduate courses) ? improvement of language, professional, personal and social skills - [K_K01]

Assessment methods of study outcomes

Lecture: written examination checking the knowledge of basic algorithms for information extraction and semantic search.
 Project: demonstration of the application made ??by the leading semantic search systems, Terrier. Wykład: egzamin pisemny sprawdzający znajomość podstawowych algorytmów ekstrakcji informacji i wyszukiwania semantycznego.
 Projekt: pokaz działania aplikacji zrealizowanych przy pomocy wiodących semantycznych systemów wyszukiwawczych, Terrier.

Course description

Lecture. Semantic processing of information. Algorithms and methods for extracting information from text. Types of information: structured and unstructured semistrukturalna. Method of LSA (Latent Semantic Analysis) and SVM. Natural language processing methods. Measures of the quality of the extraction.
 Tools that use correlations of words: Indri, Terrier. Systems based on the construction of semantic vocabularies/ontologies: Yago2, Reverb, Nell. Search by concepts (focused crawling). Tools: GATE, OmniFind. Search-engine Lucene. Semantic extraction pf legal information (e-discovery). The IBM Watson.
 Project. Application of LSA, the extended semantics. Projects using Indri, Terrier: query language and the use of quality function. Examples of different tokenizers. The analysis of the results for extraction quality measurement. Search of terrorist content on the Internet.

Basic bibliography:

1. 1.Christopher D. Manning, Prabhakar Raghavan, Hinrich Schütze An Introduction to Information Retrieval, Cambridge UP, 2009
2. W. Bruce Croft, Donald Metzler, and Trevor Strohman, Search Engines: Information Retrieval in Practice Addison Wesley; 1 edition (2009)
3. Articles referring to Yago2, Reverb, Nell, Terrier

Additional bibliography:

1. Dokumentation: Gate, Terrier i Omnifind

Result of average student's workload

| Activity | Time (working hours) | |
|--|----------------------|------|
| 1. Lecture | 30 | |
| 2. Independent work on the subject of the lecture. | 25 | |
| 3. Preparation to project | 15 | |
| 4. Doing project | 15 | |
| 5. Exam preparation | 15 | |
| Student's workload | | |
| Source of workload | hours | ECTS |
| Total workload | 100 | 4 |
| Contact hours | 45 | 2 |
| Practical activities | 30 | 1 |